

DEUTSCHER KALIBRIERDIENST (DKD)

Kalibrierlaboratorium für die Meßgröße der geometrischen Optik
Calibration laboratory for measured quantities geometric optics

AKKREDITIERT DURCH DIE PHYSIKALISCH -TECHNISCHE BUNDESANSTALT (PTB)



| |
|--------|
| 0548 |
| DKD-K- |
| 05202 |
| 98-02 |

Kalibrierschein *Calibration Certificate*

Kalibrierzeichen
Calibration mark

| | | |
|--|--|---|
| Gegenstand <i>Object</i> | Aerial Survey Camera | Der Deutsche Kalibrierdienst ist Unterzeichner des multilateralen Übereinkommens der Western European Calibration Cooperation (WECC) zur gegenseitigen Anerkennung der Kalibrierscheine. Die Kalibrierung erfolgt auf der Grundlage des zwischen der Physikalisch-Technischen Bundesanstalt und dem Träger abgeschlossenen Vertrages. Dieser Kalibrierschein dokumentiert die Rückführbarkeit auf nationale Normale zur Darstellung der physikalischen Einheiten in Übereinstimmung mit dem Internationalen Einheitensystem (SI). Für die Einhaltung einer angemessenen Frist zur Wiederholung der Kalibrierung ist der Benutzer verantwortlich. |
| Hersteller <i>Manufacturer</i> | Carl Zeiss D-73446 Oberkochen | <i>The Deutscher Kalibrierdienst is signatory to the multilateral agreement of the Western European Calibration Cooperation (WECC) for the mutual recognition of calibration certificates.</i> |
| Typ <i>Type</i> | RMK TOP 15 | <i>The calibration is performed according to the stipulations of the contract between the Physikalisch-Technische Bundesanstalt and the holder of the calibration laboratory.</i> |
| Fabrikate/Serien-Nr. <i>Serial number</i> | 141 305 | <i>This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurement according to the International System of Units (SI). The user is obliged to have the object recalibrated at appropriate intervals.</i> |
| Auftraggeber <i>Customer</i> | Brock & Michelsen Instrumenter A/S Blokken 76 DK - 3460 Birkeroed | |
| Auftragsnummer <i>Order No.</i> | 659 1 5253 | |
| Anzahl der Seiten des Kalibrierscheines <i>Number of pages of the certificate</i> | 4 | |
| Datum der Kalibrierung <i>Date of calibration</i> | 27.02.98 | |

Dieser Kalibrierschein darf nur vollständig und unverändert weiterverbreitet werden. Auszüge oder Änderungen bedürfen der Genehmigung sowohl der Physikalisch-Technischen Bundesanstalt als auch des ausstellenden Kalibrierlaboratoriums. Kalibrierscheine ohne Unterschrift und Stempel haben keine Gültigkeit.

This calibration certificate may not be reproduced other than in full except with the permission of both the Physikalisch-Technische Bundesanstalt and the issuing laboratory.

Calibration certificates without signature and seal are not valid.

| Stempel <i>Seal</i> | Datum <i>Date</i> | Leiter der Kalibrierstelle <i>Head of the calibration laboratory</i> | Bearbeiter <i>Person responsible</i> |
|------------------------|----------------------|---|---|
| | 04.02.98 | Morgenbrod | Müller |

Carl Zeiss
 Servicebereich Qualität
 Meß-/Kalibrierzentrum
 73446 Oberkochen

Telefon 07364-20-3731
 Telefax 07364-20-4511
 Telex 713751-55

DEUTSCHER KALIBRIERDIENST (DKD)

Page 2 of the certificate dated 04.03.98

0548

DKD-K-
05202

98-02

CAMERA TYPE: RMK TOP 15
 LENS TYPE: PLEOGUN H3
 MAX. APERTURE: F/4

SERIAL NO. 141305
 SERIAL NO. 141323
 NOM. FOCAL LENGTH: 153 MM

- 1) CALIBRATED FOCAL LENGTH = 154.052 MM
 2) DISTORTION /0.001 MM, REFERRING TO P.P. OF SYMMETRY PPS

| S/MM= | 0 | 10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 60 | 70 | 80 | 90 | 100 | 110 | 120 | 130 | 140 | 150 |
|-------|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | -1 | 0 | -1 | -1 | 0 | 1 | -1 |
| 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -1 | -1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | -1 | 0 | -1 | -2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | -1 | -1 | -1 | 1 | 0 |
| 8 | 0 | -1 | -1 | -1 | -1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | -1 | -2 | -1 | 0 | 2 | 1 |
| AV. | 0 | -1 | 0 | -1 | -1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | -1 | -1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |

- 3) P.P. OF AUTOCOLLIMATION AND FIDUCIAL CENTRE, REFERRING TO PPS

P.P. OF AUTOCOLLIMATION PPA X= .010 Y= -.003 MM
 FIDUCIAL CENTRE FC X= .015 Y= -.004 MM
 CORNER FIDUCIAL CENTRE FCC X= .010 Y= -.007 MM

- 4) FIDUCIAL MARKS, REFERRING TO PPS

X1= 113.009 X2=-112.987 X3= .015 X4= .015 MM
 Y1= -.004 Y2= -.004 Y3= 113.002 Y4=-113.016 MM
 DISTANCES 1-2= 225.996 3-4= 226.017 MM
 X5= 113.005 X6=-112.991 X7=-112.989 X8= 113.016 MM
 Y5= 112.994 Y6=-113.015 Y7= 112.991 Y8=-113.013 MM

- 5) PHOTOGRAPHIC RESOLVING POWER, IN CYCLES PER MM
 (AS PER DEFINITION, R. P. IS NOT A CALIBRATED DATUM)
 AREA WEIGHTED AVERAGE RESOLUTION 100

FIELD ANGLE /DEG = 0 7 14 21 28 35 42

RADIAL LINES 145 144 125 121 102 94 86
 TANGENTIAL LINES 145 143 136 126 101 77 64

FILM: KODAK PANATOMIC X 3412 SPEED 40 AFS
 DEVELOPED IN AGFA G 74 C AVIPHOT

- 6) Filter

- 7) Magazine
 T-MC

No.: 144 877 / 142 380

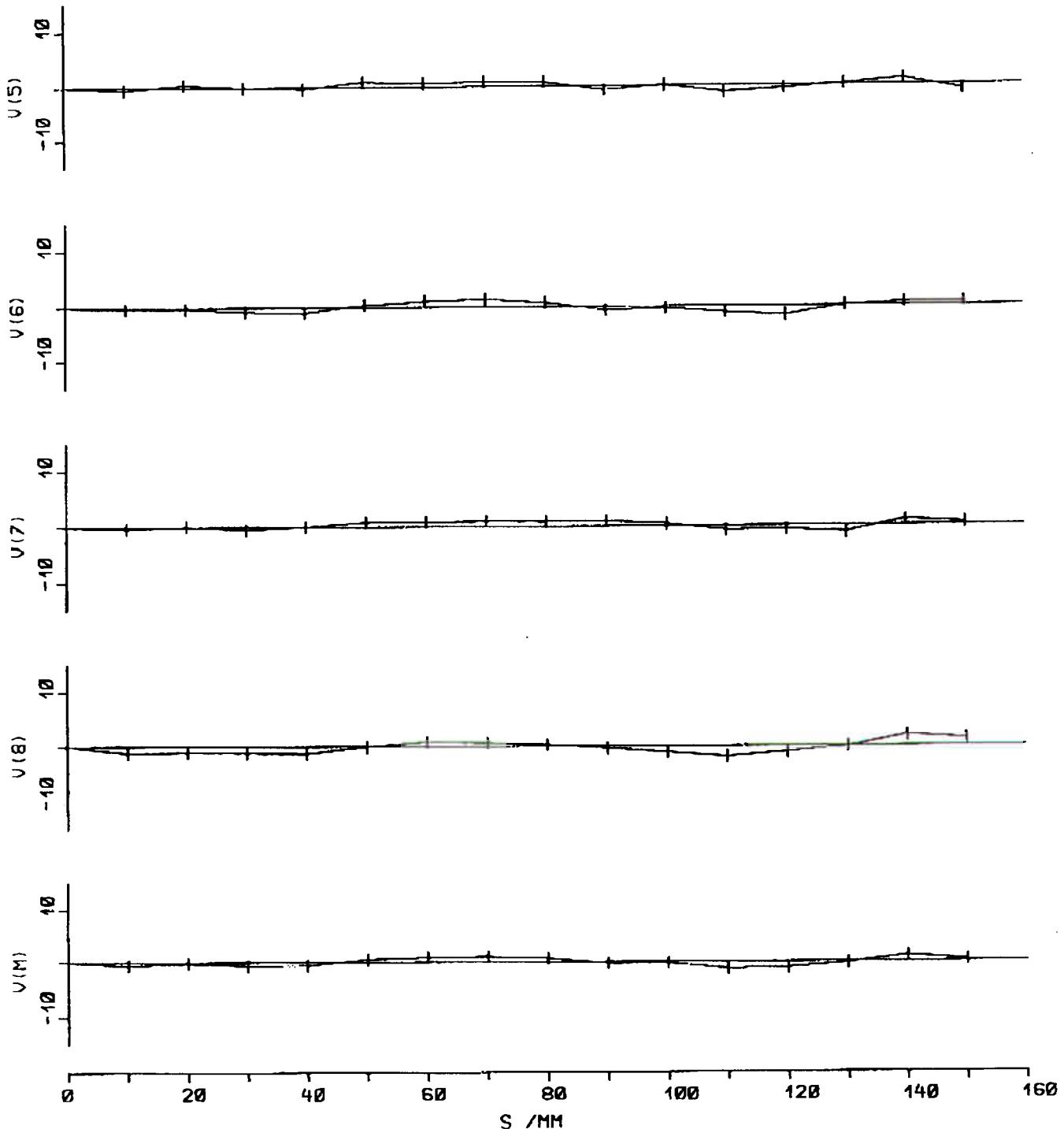
DEUTSCHER KALIBRIERDIENST (DKD)

Page 3 of the certificate dated 04.03.98

| |
|--------|
| 0548 |
| DKD-K- |
| 05202 |
| 98-02 |

RMK TOP 15 NO. 141305
PLEOGON A3 4/153 NO. 141323
CFL=154.052 MM

DISTORTION /0.001 MM, REFERRING TO PPS



DEUTSCHER KALIBRIERDIENST (DKD)

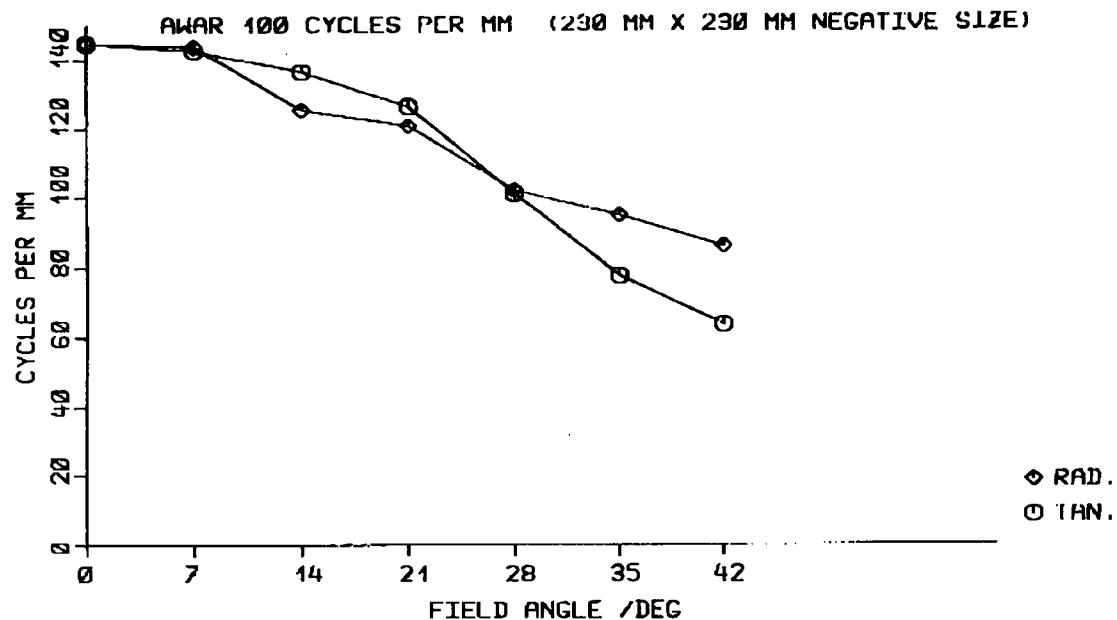
Page 4 of the certificate dated 04.03.98

| |
|--------|
| 0548 |
| DKD-K- |
| 05202 |
| 98-02 |

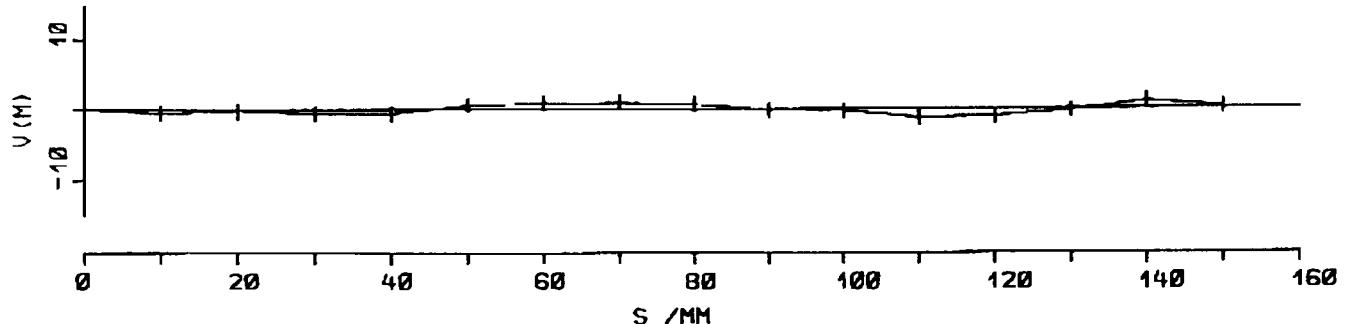
RMK TOP 15

NO. 141305

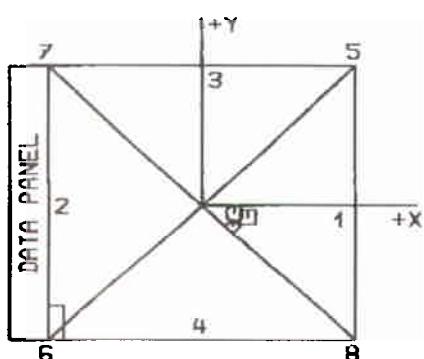
PHOTOGRAPHIC RESOLVING POWER



DEPARTURE OF AVERAGE DISTORTION FROM ZERO REFERENCE



PRINCIPAL POINT (PPA, PPS) AND FIDUCIAL CENTRE (FC)



COORDINATES, REFERRING TO PPS

| | X /MM | Y /MM |
|-----------------------------------|-------|--------|
| ○ PPA | 0.010 | -0.003 |
| □ FC | 0.015 | -0.004 |
| ◊ FCC (CORNER FIDUCIAL CENTRE) | 0.010 | -0.007 |

— 0.01 MM, X-AXIS AS DEFINED BY FIDUCIAL MARK COORDINATES

$$\alpha(6) = 0.0^\circ \quad \alpha(8) = \alpha(6) + 90^\circ$$

Appendix

This camera has been tested in accordance with the existing regulations. The methods used are based on the Recommended Procedures for Calibrating Photogrammetric Cameras and for Related Optical Tests (International Society of Photogrammetry, 1960, reaffirmed 1964). The optical performance and the external construction are in accordance with our terms of delivery.

1. Calibrated Focal Length

The calibrated focal length is chosen so as to minimize the square sum of the radial measured distortion.

2. Distortion

The values of radial distortion refer to the calibrated focal length and to the principal point of symmetry (Section 3). Regarding the origin for distortion values it must be realized that in the photogrammetric process, the asymmetry due to a displacement of that point is eliminated together with the asymmetry introduced by camera tilt. The principal point of symmetry is chosen as origin for distortion, because only this residual asymmetry cannot be eliminated by simple compensation.

The radial distortion is measured for points of the focal plane separated by 10 mm from the axis for each of the four radii 5, 6, 7 and 8. AV is the average radial measured distortion at a given radial distance. A positive value indicates that the image is further from the centre than its distortionfree position. Measurements are made at maximum aperture on the goniometer by attaching the filter D (cut-off wavelength 535 nm at transmittance 50 %). The standard deviation of the distortion values given can be assumed to be less than 0.002 mm.

The maximum tangential distortion, i.e. the displacement of the central image from a straight line connecting corresponding image points at equal but opposite angular separations from the axis, does not exceed 0.005 mm.

3. Principal Point and Fiducial Centre

The positions of the principal point of autocollimation and of the fiducial centre (Section 4) are given in a rectangular coordinate system as indicated in the plot, with the principal point of symmetry as origin.

4. Fiducial Marks

For coordinate measurements the fiducial marks are recorded on photographic glass plates. Coordinates of the fiducial marks are given in a rectangular system as shown in the plot, with the principal point of symmetry as origin. Fiducial marks 1 and 2 lie in the line of flight. The location of the fiducial marks can be assumed to be accurate within 0.005 mm.

In the course of camera assembly and maintenance the fiducial marks are adjusted to meet the following specifications:

- The lines joining opposite pairs of fiducial marks intersect at an angle within 30 seconds of 90°.
- The point of intersection (fiducial centre) is within 0.02 mm of the principal point of autocollimation.

5. Photographic Resolving Power

The resolving power is obtained by photographing a series of three line high contrast test figures. The photographs are taken under the recommended standard illumination by using the filter B (cut-off wavelength 490 nm at transmittance 50 %). The camera is used at full aperture. The resulting image is examined with a low power stereoscopic microscope to find the spatial frequency of the finest pattern resolved. The values of resolving power are reduced to the image plane and refer to the focus setting as used for determining the calibrated focal length.

6. Filters

The two surfaces of the filters listed in the certificate are within 5 seconds of being parallel.

7. Magazine Platen

The platen mounted in the film magazine, serial no. as indicated in the certificate, does not depart from a true plane by more than 0.010 mm.